		Biology			Chemistry			Physics		l I	Working Scientifica	lly
	М	M/E	E	М	M/E	E	М	M/E	E	М	M/E	E
Cycle 1 Autumn 1	Animals and Humans Identify and name a variety of common animals. Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	Animals and Humans Identify and name some familiar animals. Name and label some of the common parts of the human body. Identify some of the senses.	Animals and Humans Explore pictures and objects related to animal (begin to observe and explore objects).							Ask simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Observe closely, using simple equipment. Perform simple tests.	Ask simple questions. Observe patterns or changes. Explore and use simple equipment with support.	Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways. Observe the results of their own actions. Respond to options or choices.
Cycle 1 Autumn 2				Materials Identify and name a variety of everyday materials. Describe the simple physical properties of everyday materials.	Materials Identify and name some familiar materials. Begin to group some familiar materials based on a given criteria.	Materials Use the senses to explore a range of familiar materials (begin to explore materials in different ways).						
Cycle 1 Spring 1	Animals Identify and name an increasing variety of animals. Identify carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. Identify, name, draw and label an increasing range of parts of the human body and begin to name the function of parts of the body.	Animals Identify and name some familiar animals. Name, locate and label an increasing range of parts of the human body. Identify the senses and begin to link to parts of the body associated with each sense.	Animals Explore an increasing range of pictures and objects related to animal (begin to observe and explore objects). Being to name or group animals in a variety of ways.									
Cycle 1 Spring 2							Seasonal Changes Name the seasons and know the changes across them. Know the weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Seasonal Changes Match seasons to clothing / activities.	Seasonal Changes Explore seasons and weather through sensory based activities (participate in shared activities).			
Cycle 1 Summer 1	Plants Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants. Identify and describe the basic structure flowering plants.	Plants Name some familiar plants. Know the main parts of a flowering plant.	Plants Explore flowering plants (begin group / make simple observations).									

Cycle 1 Summer 2	Materials Identify and name an increasing variety of everyday materials. Begin to identify common uses of different materials. Describe physical properties of a range of materials.	Materials Identify and name everyday materials. Begin to describe some properties of familiar materials.	Materials Explore an increasing range of materials (begin to explore materials in different ways).					
Cycle 2 Autumn 1				Materials Know the suitability of a variety of everyday materials for their particular uses. Know solid objects can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	Materials Describe the simple physical properties of everyday materials. Explore and describe how the shape of malleable materials can be changed.	Materials Explore and manipulate malleable materials (begin to respond to options).		
Cycle 2 Autumn 2	Living Things and their Habitats Know the differences between living things, dead and non-living things. Know what a habitat is. Know what a food chain is and how animals depend on each other.	Living Things and their Habitats Group things into living and non- living. Match some familiar animals with their habitat. Know the diet of familiar animals.	Animals and Humans Explore pictures and objects related to animals and their habitats (begin to match or group objects).					
Cycle 2 Spring 1	Plants Know seeds and bulbs grow into plants. Describe what plants need to be healthy.	Plants Observe and describe how a plant grows. Name something a plant needs to grow.	Plants Observe how a plant grows (begin to describe / explore objects).					
Cycle 2 Spring 2				Materials Know the uses of an expanding variety of materials for particular uses. Explore how a range of materials and objects respond to squashing, bending, twisting and stretching and how material are selected for their properties.	Materials Know the suitability of a variety of everyday materials for their particular uses. Know solid objects can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	Materials Explore and manipulate a range of different materials (begin to respond to options). Begin to name some common materials.		

Identify and	Sort objects into	Begin to match
classify. Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Gather and record data to help in answering questions.	groups. Make generalisations and connections to answer simple questions. Begin to collect and make simple records of their findings.	objects in terms of single features. Request events or activities. Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration.
Identify and classify. Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Gather and record data to help in answering questions.	Sort objects into groups. Make generalisations and connections to answer simple questions. Begin to collect and make simple records of their findings.	Begin to match objects in terms of single features. Request events or activities. Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration.

Cycle 2 Summer 1					Seasonal Changes Explore the temperature changes across the seasons and the appropriate clothing needed for each season. Explore a range of different weather we experience across the year (gales, thunder storms, hail, heatwaves, and snow storms).	Seasonal Changes Name the seasons and know the changes across them.	Season Changes Explore day and night and how the temperature changes over the day through sensory based activities (participate in shared activities).			
Cycle 2 Summer 2	Animals and Humans Know the basic needs of animals and how their offspring turn into adults. Know the importance for humans of exercise, eating healthy, and hygiene.	Animals and Humans Name some of the basic needs of a familiar animal. Group some examples of lifestyle choices into healthy and unhealthy.	Animals and Humans Explore and participate in healthy lifestyle routines (join in with shared activities).							
Cycle 3 Autumn 1					Light Know light is reflected from surfaces for us to be able to see them and how shadows are formed. Know the dangers of the sun (sunburn / eye damage).	Light Identify some sources of light and objects that reflect light. Name how to keep safe in the sun.	Light Explore reflective objects (begin to observe and respond to materials and objects).	Ask relevant questions and begin to try to answer them. Set up simple practical enquiries. Make careful observations and Measurements. Gather and record data in a variety of ways. Use simple scientific language and	Ask simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Use simple equipment to make observations. Gather data to help in answering questions. Begin to use some simple scientific	Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways. Observe the results of their own actions. Respond to options or choices. Begin to match objects in terms of single features. Request events or activities. Participate in
Cycle 3 Autumn 2					Forces and Magnetism Understand friction as a force and how this changes over different surfaces. Understand magnetism (know force acts at a distance, magnets attract and repel each other, they are attracted to certain metals, they have poles and which poles attract/repel).	Forces and Magnetism Explore how friction is a force and how things move over different surfaces (fast/slow). Understand magnetism (explore how magnets can attract and repel each other).	Forces and Magnetism Engage with activities and objects which explore friction and magnetism (observe / observe the results of their actions).	drawings to communicate ideas. Share findings including oral and written explanations and displays. Draw simple conclusions and make predictions. Identify differences, similarities or changes.	language. Begin to answer simple scientific questions.	shared activities and sustain concentration. Begin to recognise change. Begin to respond to scientific questions.

Cycle 3 Spring 1				Rock and Soil Know the composition of soil. Know why soil is important and the different types of soil.	Rocks and Soil Explore different types of soil and the animals that live in soil. Explore why soil is important for plants to grow.	Rocks and Soil Explore soil in the classroom and outside (explore objects in a variety of ways).		
Cycle 3 Spring 2				Rocks Know the different types of rock. Know how fossils are formed.	Rocks Explore rocks and begin to sort into given groups based on their properties. Know fossils are a record of a prehistoric plan or animal found in some rocks.	Rocks Explore rocks and stones in the classroom and outside (explore objects in a variety of ways).		
Cycle 3 Summer 1	Animals and Humans Know living things need nutrition and how they get this. Know skeletons are needed for support, protection and movement in animals.	Animals and Humans Know some of things needed to keep living healthy. Know skeletons are needed for support in humans.	Animals and Humans Know some of things needed to keep them healthy. Know skeletons are needed for support, protection and movement in animals.					
Cycle 3 Summer 2	Plants Know the function of the parts of flowering plants including their lifecycle (pollination, seed formation and seed distribution). Know how water is transported within plants.	Plants Know the how a flowering plant is pollinated by insects. Know plants need water to be healthy and this is taken in by the roots.	Plants Explore the things a plant needs to be healthy (participate in shared activities).					
Cycle 4 Autumn 1				Materials Know names of solids, liquids and gases. Know how materials change state with temperature changes.	Materials Be able to group familiar materials into solids, liquids or gases. Know how water can be both solid, liquid and gas.	Materials Explore sensory activities related to water within its different states (begin to respond or options or choices).		
Cycle 4 Autumn 2	Living Things and their Habitats Recognise that living things can be	Living Things and their Habitats Be able to group animals with a given criteria.	Living Things and their Habitats Explore living organisms and their characteristics /					

Ask relevant questions and begin to try to answer Them. Set up simple practical enquiries. Make careful observations and Measurements.	Ask simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Use simple equipment to make observations.	Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways. Observe the results of their own actions. Respond to options or choices.

Cycle 4	grouped in a variety of ways Use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things.	Use simple keys to help identify an organism.	differences (begin to match objects).				Electricity	Electricity	Electricity	Gather and record data in a variety of ways. Use simple scientific language and	Gather data to help in answering questions. Begin to use some simple scientific language.	Begin to match objects in terms of single features. Request events or activities. Participate in
Spring 1							Know common appliances which use electricity. Know how to construct a simple series circuit and name the parts (cell, wire, bulb, switch, buzzer). Name materials which are conductors and insulators.	Name some familiar appliances which use electricity. Construct a simple circuit and name the parts (cell, wire, bulb). Sort familiar materials into conductors and insulators.	Explore sensory activities related to objects which use electricity to make light and movement (begin to respond or options or choices).	drawings to communicate ideas. Share findings including oral and written explanations and displays. Draw simple conclusions and make predictions.	Begin to answer simple scientific questions.	shared activities and sustain concentration. Begin to recognise change. Begin to respond to scientific questions. Begin to make connections or
Cycle 4 Spring 2				Materials To know the process where water can evaporate and condense in the home. To understand the role of evaporation and condensation within the water cycle.	Materials Be able to name materials which are solids, liquids or gases. To explore practical examples of the evaporation and condensation of water.	Materials Explore sensory activities related to materials within its different states and change of state (begin to respond or options or choices).				Identify differences, similarities or changes.		generalisations. Begin to make simple recordings of their findings.
Cycle 4 Summer 1							Sound Know how sounds are made and how they travel. Know how pitch and loudness of sounds can change.	Sound Name objects that make sound and how the sound is produced. Know how sounds in these objects can be changed.	Sound Explore sensory activities related to objects which use make sounds (observe the results of their actions).			
Cycle 4 Summer 2	Animals and Humans Know the function and organs of the digestive system, including the name and function of different teeth. Interpret and food chains and Identify producers, predators and prev.	Animals and Humans Know the organs of the digestive system, including the function of teeth. Create a simple food chain within a given habitat.	Animals and Humans Explore routines we need to keep healthy (hydration, toilet, diet, cleaning teeth). (Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration.)									

Cycle 5 Autumn 1	Living Things and their Habitats Know the lifecycles of a mammal, amphibian, insect and bird. Know how plants and animals reproduce.	Living Things and their Habitats Know the lifecycles of a mammal and insect. Know how animals reproduce.	Living Things and their Habitats Explore the lifecycles animals or insects (begin to match objects).							Plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions. Take measurements, using scientific	Ask relevant questions and begin to try to answer them. Use simple equipment to take measurements.	Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways. Observe the results of their own actions. Respond to
Cycle 5 Autumn 2							Forces Understand the forces of gravity, air resistance, water resistance and friction. Understand how levers, pulleys and gears allow forces to have a greater effect.	Forces Understand the forces and friction. Understand how levers allow forces to have a greater effect.	Forces Explore how forces act on objects – push / pull (Observe the results of their own actions).	equipment, with increasing accuracy. Record data and results of using scientific diagrams, labels and simple graphs.	Gather and record data in a variety of ways. Use an increasing level of scientific language. Share findings in a number of	options or choices. Begin to match objects in terms of single features. Request events or activities. Participate in
Cycle 5 Spring 1				Materials Know how to group materials on the properties of hardness solubility, transparency, electrical and thermal conductivity, and response to magnets.	Materials Be able to group materials on the properties of transparency, opacity.	Materials Take part in activities to explore grouping or separating materials (explore objects in a variety of ways).				Use test results to make predictions. Report and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions. Identify scientific evidence that has	simple ways. Identify differences, similarities or changes. Draw simple conclusions and make predictions.	shared activities and sustain concentration. Begin to recognise change. Begin to respond to scientific questions.
Cycle 5 Spring 2							Earth and Space Know the movement of the Earth and planets in the Solar System relative to the sun. Describe these as spherical objects. Know the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth. Know day and night is related to the rotation of the Earth.	Earth and Space Identify some of the planets in the solar system. Name the sun and moon in the solar system. Know the Earth rotates on its axis.	Earth and Space Participate in sensory activities related with space and the planets (Request events or activities).	been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.		Begin to make connections or generalisations. Begin to make simple recordings of their findings. Begin to contribute to experiments or practical activities.
Cycle 5 Summer 1	Animals and Humans Know the changes as humans develop to old age.	Animals and Humans Describe the changes as humans grow and age.	Animals and Humans Explore how we and familiar people have changed over time									
Cycle 5 Summer 2				Materials Know what dissolving is and how to separate mixtures using sieving, filtering and evaporation.	Materials Know what dissolving is and how to separate mixtures using sieving.	Materials Take part in activities to explore grouping or separating materials (explore objects in a variety of ways).						

				Kaan as in a							
				Know some							
				irreversible changes							
				ineversione enunges.							
Cycle 6 Autumn 1						Light Explain how light travels from sources	Light Understand how light reflects off	Light Explore sensory activities related to	Plan different types of scientific enquiries to	Ask relevant questions and begin to try to	Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways.
						to objects and then to our eyes. Explore objects that	some surfaces. Explore objects that create light.	light and reflection (begin to observe and respond to materials and	answer questions. Take	answer them. Use simple equipment to	Observe the results of their own actions.
						those that reflect		objects).	using scientific equipment, with	measurements.	Respond to options or
Cycle 6 Autumn 2	Animals and Humans Know the name of	Animals and Humans Know the name of	Animals and Humans Participate in						increasing accuracy.	Gather and record data in a variety of ways.	choices. Begin to match
	the human circulatory system, including the	the human circulatory system; heart, blood and	to explore our heart and breathing (observe the results						results of using scientific diagrams. labels	Use an increasing level of scientific language.	of single features.
	function of the heart, blood vessels and blood.	blood vessels. Know the impact of a poor lifestyle on	of their own actions).						and simple graphs.	Share findings in a number of	activities. Participate in
	Know the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyles on	out heart health. Know how blood is transported around							Use test results to	simple ways. Identify	shared activities and sustain concentration.
	health. Know how nutrients are	the body.							make predictions. Report and	differences, similarities or changes.	Begin to recognise change.
Cuele C	transported in humans and plants.					1.44	1	Links.	presenting findings from	Draw simple	Begin to respond
Spring 1						Light Understand light travels in straight	Light Know how shadows are formed.	Explore sensory activities related to	including conclusions.	make predictions.	questions.
						lines and how this creates shadows.	Explore how some materials can let	shadows (begin to observe and respond to materials and	Identify scientific evidence that has		Begin to make connections or generalisations.
						Explore how different material react to light.	light through.	objects).	been used to support or refute ideas or		Begin to make simple recordings
Cycle 6 Spring 2	Living Things and Habitats	Living Things and Habitats	Living Things and Habitats						arguments.		of their findings.
	things (including microorganisms) are classified into broad groups.	living things can be grouped in a variety of ways Use classification	examples of a range of living things and their habitats (begin to								contribute to experiments or practical activities.
		keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things.	group / sort).								Being to make their own observations.
Cycle 6 Summer 1	Evolution and Inheritance Know fossils can provide evidence of how living things have changed over time.	Evolution and Inheritance Know how fossils are formed. Give examples of how an organism can adapt to their environment.	Evolution and Inheritance Explore how we adapt to our environment – changes in weather, etc. (participate in								

		[[1	I	, · · ·
	Know variation occurs within		shared activities and sustain									
	offspring. Know how		concentration).									
	organisms adapt to											
	their environment											
	and adaption can											
Cycle 6	lead to evolution.						Electricity	Electricity	Electricity			
Summer							Know the effect of	Know how to	Explore sensory			
Z							voltage within a	construct a simple	activities related to			
							circuit (buzzer or	series circuit and	objects which use			
							Know the symbols	wire. bulb. switch.	sound and actions			
							for components of a	and buzzer).	(begin to respond or			
							circuit.	Name materials	options or choices).			
								which are conductors and insulators.				
Cycle 7 Autumn	Organisms Cells / Movement	Organisms and Movement	Animals and Plants							Ask questions,	Ask simple	Explore objects
1	Know the function	Wovement	Participate in							observations of	on observations.	variety of ways
	of the cell wall, cell	Know plants and	practical activities							the real world.	Begin to make	and begin to
	membrane,	animals are made	to explore key							Make predictions	simple	make simple
	vacuole,	building blocks.	bodies (eating,							understanding	Help to plan and	observations.
	mitochondria and	Name some of the	digestion,							and knowledge.	carry out	Observe the
	chloroplasts.	key organs within	breathing, heart							Plan and carry	scientific	results of their
	and differences	Name some of the	rate).							enguiries.	Use scientific	begin to
	between plant and	key organ systems								Use a range of	apparatus.	recognise change.
	animal cells.	in plants.								appropriate	Make and record	Descardes
	Onderstand the	Understand the role of the skeleton								apparatus and techniques	observations. Begin to evaluate	Respond to
	things from cells to	has in support and								Make and record	their work.	choices and
	tissues to organs to	protection.								observations and	Use	request events or
	systems to									measurements with increasing	mathematical	activities.
	[Understand the									accuracy and	calculate results.	Participate in
	role of diffusion in									precision.	Begin to share	shared activities
	the movement of									Evaluate the	their findings.	and sustain
	between cells.]									investigations		and begin to
	Understand the									and results.		contribute to
	structure and									Share reasoned		experiments or
	human skeleton, to									Use		activities.
	include support,									mathematical		
	protection,									concepts to		Begin to make
	movement and making blood cells									calculate and		simple recordings
	[Understand the											
	interaction											Begin to respond
	between skeleton and muscles.]											to scientific questions.
Cycle 7 Autumn				Particulate Nature	Elements, Mixtures	Materials						Dogin to match
2				of Watter, Atoms and Elements	and compounds							objects in terms
				Know the properties	Name and describe	Take part in						of single features.
				of the different	the properties of a	activities to explore						
				states of matter (solid, liquid and	range of materials.	contrasting materials						
										1	1	1

		gas) in terms of the particle model, including gas pressure. Know changes of state in terms of the particle model. Describe the differences between atoms, elements and compounds Understand chemical symbols and formulae for elements and compounds. [Understand conservation of mass changes of state and chemical reactions.] Know energy changes on changes of state. [Understand exothermic and endothermic	Group materials based on their state. Know materials are made of smaller building blocks. Describe the differences between pure and impure. Be able to describe and name a range of elements. Be able to name and describe a range of compounds. Know energy is needed to melt ice and boil water.	(Begin to make connections or generalisations).			
		chemical reactions					
Cycle 7		(qualitative)			Space Physics	Space	Space
Spring 1					Understand gravity as a force on Earth and other planets. Understand the force of gravity between planets and the sun. [Understand gravity force, weight = mass x gravitational field strength (g), on Earth g=10 N/kg, different on other planets and stars; gravity forces between Earth and Moon, and between Earth and Sun.] Understand our Sun as a star, other stars in our galaxy, other galaxies. Understand the seasons and the Earth's tilt. [Understand day length at different times of year, in different hemispheres.]	Know the effect of gravity. Know the movement of the Earth and planets in the Solar System relative to the sun. Describe these as spherical objects. Know the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth. Know day and night is related to the rotation of the Earth.	Participate in sensory activities related to gravity (Respond to option or choices and request events or activities.)

Begin to make connections or generalisations.

otions

Cycle 7 Summer 1				Pure and Impure Substances	Separating Mixtures Be able to describe a pure an impure substance.	Mixtures Explore activities where mixtures and		
	interstand the interdependence in ecosystems; Food webs and the importance of insect pollinated crops. [Know how organisms affect, and are affected by, their environment, including the accumulation of toxic materials.] Name the reactants in, and products of, photosynthesis, and a word summary for photosynthesis. [Understand the dependence of almost all life on Earth on the ability of photosynthetic organisms to maintain levels of oxygen and carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.] Understand the adaptations of leaves for photosynthesis. [Understand the adaptations of leaves for photosynthesis. [Understand the role of leaf stomata in gas exchange in	habitat is. Know what a food chain is and how animals depend on each other. Know the function of the parts of flowering plants including their lifecycle (pollination, seed formation and seed distribution). Know what a plant needs to be healthy and how water is transported within them.	habitats and animals and being to explore food chains. (begin to name and match).					
Cycle 7	Interdependence	The Environment	Living things and				Understand the light year as a unit of astronomical distance. [Name similarities and differences, including density differences, between solids, liquids and gases.] [Describe diffusion in liquids and gases driven by differences in concentration.]	



	Describe the	Be able to describe	materials are			
	concept of a pure	a mixture.	separated in a			
	substance.	Be able to	number of ways.			
	Understand	understand	(Explore objects and			
	mixtures, including	substances can be	materials in a			
	dissolving.	soluble or insoluble	variety of ways and			
	Understand	dissolving is a	begin to make			
	diffusion in terms of	reversible change.	simple			
	the particle model.	Understand we can	observations).			
	Name simple	separate mixtures				
	techniques for	by filtration.				
	separating mixtures:	Be able to name				
	filtration.	some soluble and				
	evaporation.	insoluble				
	distillation and	substances.				
	chromatography	Understand we can				
	[Re able to describe	senarate mixtures				
	the identification of	by distillation				
	nure substances 1					
ycle 7	pure substances.]			Sound	Sound	Sound
ummer				Understand how	Know how sounds	Explore sensory
				waves on water	are made hy	activities related to
				hehave	vibrating objects	making sounds and
				[Understand these	Describe how sound	altoring sounds
				wayas can ba	travolc	(obsorve the results
				values call be	Know how nitch and	(Observe the results
					know now pitch and	
				curicer -		
				Superposition.	Linderstend sounds	
				understand echoes,		
					absorbed.	
				Understand	Describe now we are	
				frequencies of sound	unable to hear	
				waves are measured	certain sounds.	
				in nertz (Hz)j	Describe now the	
				Understand sound	ear neips us hear	
				needs a medium to	sounas.	
				travel.		
				Compare the speed		
				of sound in air, in		
				water, in solids.]		
				Understand sound is		
				produced by		
				vibrations of objects.		
				[Understand the		
				difference between		
					1	1
				longitudinal and		
				longitudinal and transverse waves.]		
				longitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the		
				longitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the auditory range of		
				longitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the auditory range of humans and		
				longitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the auditory range of humans and animals.		
				Iongitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the auditory range of humans and animals. [Understand how		
				Iongitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the auditory range of humans and animals. [Understand how pressure waves		
				longitudinal and transverse waves.] Understand the auditory range of humans and animals. [Understand how pressure waves transfer energy]		

Cycle 8 Autumn 1	Reproduction and Health Understand reproduction in humans, including the structure and function of the male and female reproductive systems. Understand the menstrual cycle fertilisation, gestation and birth. Understand the effect of maternal lifestyle on the foetus through the placenta. Understand the effects of recreational drugs (including substance misuse) on behaviour, health and life processes.	Reproduction and Health. Name and locate the key parts of the male and female reproductive systems. Understand the key concepts of reproduction in humans. Understand the key concepts within the menstrual cycle. Understand the dangers of alcohol on the foetus. Understand the dangers to health on taking recreational drugs.	Health Explore health and hygiene routines (being active, varied diet, mental health, cleaning bodies). (Respond to options or choices and request events or activities.)					
Cycle 8 Autumn 2				Chemical Reactions [Understand chemical reactions as the rearrangement of atoms.] Be able to represent chemical reactions using formulae and using equations. Understand combustion as a displacement reaction. [Understand thermal decomposition, and oxidation and displacement reactions.] Know the order of metals and carbon in the reactivity series. [Know the use of carbon in obtaining metals from metal oxides.] Describe the properties of ceramics, polymers and composites.	Chemical Reactions Be able to describe a range of chemical reactions. Understand chemical reactions like combustion are irreversible changes. Be able to write simple explanations about chemical reactions. To know some chemicals are more reactive that others.	Reactions Explore a range of experiments and activities involving reactions or change. (Observe the results of their own actions and begin to recognise change.)		

Ask questions, based on observations of the real world. Make predictions using scientific understanding and knowledge. Plan and carry out scientific enquiries. Use a range of appropriate apparatus and techniques. Make and record observations and measurements with increasing accuracy and precision. Evaluate the reliability of their investigations and results. Share reasoned explanations. Use mathematical concepts to calculate and present results.

Ask simple questions, based on observations. Begin to make simple predictions. Help to plan and carry out scientific experiments. Use scientific apparatus. Make and record observations. Begin to evaluate their work. Use mathematical concepts to calculate results. Begin to share their findings.

Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways and begin to make simple observations.

Observe the results of their own actions and begin to recognise change.

Respond to options or choices and request events or activities.

Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration and begin to contribute to experiments or practical activities.

Begin to make simple recordings of their findings.

Begin to respond to scientific questions.

Begin to match objects in terms of single features.

Begin to make connections or generalisations.

Cycle 8					Light	Light	Light	
Spring 1					Understand that	Know light is	Explore light and	
					light can travelling	reflected from	dark and exploring	
					through a vacuum.	surfaces for us to be	shadows (Observe	
					[Understand the	able to see them.	the results of their	
					similarities and	Know the dangers of	own actions and	
					differences between	the sun (sunburn /	begin to recognise	
					light and sound	eye damage).	change.)	
					waves.]	Understand light		
					Understand the	travels in straight		
					transmission of light	line and this is how		
					through materials	shadows are		
					and reflection from	Tormed.		
					a surface.			
					absorption diffuse	Describe how light		
					scattering of light 1	being reflected /		
					Understand the use	absorbed helps us		
					of ray model to	see colours.		
					explain the path of			
					light.			
					[Describe the role of			
					the convex lens in			
					focusing the human			
					eye.]			
					Understand now			
					light transfers			
					to absorber			
					[Inderstand this			
					leads to chemical			
					and electrical			
					effects; photo-			
					sensitive material in			
					the retina and in			
					cameras.]			
					Understand how			
					light is reflected or			
					absorbed and how			
					this is related to the			
Cucles	Durath'	Directi	Discoti		perception of colour.			
Spring 2	Breathing and	Digestion	Digestion					
	Ligestion	Namo and leasts	Explore food dist					
	and functions of	some of the key	and our digestive					
		organs within the	system (teeth					
	system in humans.	digestive system.	stomach, and using					
	[Understand the	Name and describe	the toilet). (Begin					
	adaptations to gas	the function of	to respond to					
	exchange.]	different teeth.	scientific					
	Understand the	Describe the path	questions.)					
	mechanism of	of food through the						
	breathing to move	digestive system.						
	air in and out of the							
	lungs.	Describe some of						
	Understand a	the ways how to						
	pressure model to	Tollow a healthy						
	explain the	lifestyle.						
	movement of	Describe some of						
	yuses, incluuing simple	the dangers of						
	Simple	the dangers of						I I I

		1	1					
	measurements of	following an						
	lung volume.]	unhealthy lifestyle.						
	Understand the							
	impact of exercise,	Describe a healthy						
	asthma and	and balanced diet.						
	smoking on the							
	human gas							
	ovebange system							
	exchange system.							
	Understand the							
	contents of a							
	healthy human							
	diet.							
	[Understand the							
	role of							
	carbohydrates,							
	lipids (fats and oils),							
	proteins, vitamins,							
	minerals. dietarv							
	fibre and water in a							
	healthy diet and							
	why each is							
	needed 1							
	Inderstand the							
	imbalances in the							
	impalances in the							
	alet, including							
	obesity, starvation							
	and deficiency							
	diseases.							
	Name the tissues							
	and organs of the							
	human digestive							
	system.							
	Describe the role of							
	the organs within							
	the digestive							
	system and the							
	nath of food							
	[Understand the							
	adantations the							
	diaestive system							
	and how the							
	diaestive system							
	digests food							
	lanzumas sineralu a-							
	hiological							
	Diological							
Cucles	catalysts)].			Devied: T 11	Devient: The			
Cycle 8 Summer				Periodic Table	Periodic Table	Solids, Liquids and		
1				Understand the	Know the name of a	Gases		
				varying physical and	range of elements.	Explore sensory		
				chemical properties	Be able to describe	activities related to		
				of different	the properties of a	solids, liquids and		
				elements.	range of materials.	gases.		
				Understand	Be able to groups			
				principles	elements based on			
				underpinning the	their properties.			
				Mendeleev Periodic	Be able to describe			
				Table.	and identify metals			
				Understand the	and non-metals.			
				Periodic Table:	Be able to observe			
				periods and groups:	and describe the			
						1		

		metals and non- metals. [Know how patterns in reactions can be predicted with reference to the Periodic Table.] Describe the properties of metals and non-metals. [Understand the chemical properties of metal and non- metal oxides with respect to acidity.]	reactions of elements.			
Cycle 8 Summer 2				Electricity and Electromagnetism Understand electric current is measured in amperes. Identify series and parallel circuits are currents. [Understand potential difference, measured in volts, battery and bulb ratings; resistance, measured in ohms, as the ratio of potential difference (p.d.) to current.] Understand conducting and insulating materials. Understand the effects of static electricity. [Understand separation of positive or negative charges when objects are rubbed together: transfer of electrons, forces between charged objects.] Understand magnetic poles, attraction and repulsion. Be able to plot magnetic fields lines. [Understand the magnetic effect of a current, electromagnets, D.C. motors.]	Electricity and Electromagnetism Understand the dangers of electricity and how to keep safe around electricity. Know how to construct a simple series circuit and name the parts (cell, wire, bulb, switch, buzzer). Name materials which are conductors and insulators. Describe the effect of static electricity. Understand magnetism (know force acts at a distance, magnets attract and repel each other, they are attracted to certain metals, they have poles and which poles attract/repel).	Electricity and Electromagnetism Engage with activities and which explore magnetism and operating simp electrical circuits (Respond to option or choices and request events or activities.)

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Cycle 9 Autumn 1	Respiration Understand aerobic and anaerobic respiration in living organisms. [Understand the breakdown of organic molecules to enable all the other chemical processes necessary for life.] Be able to write a word summary for aerobic respiration. Understand the process of anaerobic respiration in humans. [Understand and micro-organisms, including fermentation, and a word summary for anaerobic respiration.] Understand the differences between aerobic and anaerobic respiration in terms of the reactants, the products formed and the implications for the organism.	The Respiratory system Name and locate the organs within respiratory system. Understand how we breathe air in and out of the lungs. Understand the dangers of smoking on the lungs. Understand how asthma effects breathing. Understand how the circulatory system transports blood around the body.	The Respiratory system Explore breathing and the respiratory system. Explore changes in breathing. (Observe the results of their own actions and begin to recognise change.)					
Cycle 9 Autumn 2	organism.			Acids and Alkalis Be able to define acids and alkalis in terms of neutralisation reactions. Know the pH scale for measuring acidity/alkalinity; and indicators [Understand reactions of acids with metals to produce a salt plus hydrogen.] Know reactions of acids with alkalis to produce a salt plus water. [Know what catalysts do.]	Acids and Alkalis Be able to name some products in the home which are acids and alkalis. Be able to use universal indicator to identify if a solution is an acid or alkali. To know how to handle acids and alkalis in the home safety. To know how to identify hazard and warning labels and what they mean.	Safety Take part in following safety routines related to safety in the home and in school. (Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration and begin to contribute to experiments or practical activities.)		

Ask questions, based on observations of the real world. Make predictions using scientific understanding and knowledge. Plan and carry out scientific enquiries. Use a range of appropriate apparatus and techniques. Make and record observations and measurements with increasing accuracy and precision. Evaluate the reliability of their investigations and results. Share reasoned explanations. Use mathematical concepts to calculate and present results.

Ask simple questions, based on observations. Begin to make simple predictions. Help to plan and carry out scientific experiments. Use scientific apparatus. Make and record observations. Begin to evaluate their work. Use mathematical concepts to calculate results. Begin to share their findings.

Explore objects and materials in a variety of ways and begin to make simple observations.

Observe the results of their own actions and begin to recognise change.

Respond to options or choices and request events or activities.

Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration and begin to contribute to experiments or practical activities.

Begin to make simple recordings of their findings.

Begin to respond to scientific questions.

Begin to match objects in terms of single features.

Begin to make connections or generalisations.

Cycle 9 Spring 1					Motion and Forces Understand speed and the quantitative relationship between average speed, distance and time (speed = distance ÷ time). [Understand the representation of a journey on a distance-time graph.] Understand forces as pushes or pulls, arising from the interaction between two objects. Use force arrows to label and describe balanced and unbalanced forces. Understand forces are needed to move, stop or change objects directions. Understand contact forces: stretching and squashing – springs; friction between surfaces, with pushing things out of the way; resistance to motion of air and water. [Understand non- contact forces: gravity, forces between magnets and forces due to static electricity. [Understand upthrust effects, floating and sinking in water. [Understand atmospheric pressure.] Understand upthrust effects, floating and sinking in water.	Motion and Forces Understand friction as a force and how this changes over different surfaces. Understand the forces of gravity, air resistance, water resistance and friction. Understand how levers, pulleys and gears allow forces to have a greater effect. Be able to use force arrows in diagrams to show forces.	Forces Use toys and g to explore how forces act on o – gears, levers pulleys (Obser results of their actions and be recognise char
Cycle 9	Evolution and	Evolution and	Inhoritanaa		to any surface.]		
Spring 2	Inheritance Know heredity as the process by which genetic information is	Inheritance Understand how genetic information is passed from one	Explore how offspring of animals are similar to their parents. Explore				

games w objects and erve the ir own egin to ange.)

transmitted from	generation to the	similarity and			
one generation to	next.	variation. (Begin to			
the next.	Explore how	make simple			
Know a simple	genetic traits can	recordings of their			
model of	be passed on in	findings.)			
chromosomes.	animals and				
genes and DNA in	humans.				
heredity.	Describe variation				
[Understand the	within a species like				
part played by	dogs.				
Watson, Crick.	Understand how				
Wilkins and	selective breeding				
Franklin in the	in animals can drive				
development of the	variation.				
DNA model.]	Understand how				
Describe variation	variation can have				
between species.	a positive or				
Understand the	negative impact.				
variation between	negative impacti				
individuals within a					
species.					
Understand the					
role of inheritance					
in driving natural					
selection.					
Understand the					
role of inheritance					
in driving natural					
selection which in					
turn may lead to					
extinction.					
[Know the					
importance of					
maintaining					
biodiversity and the					
use of gene banks					
to preserve					
hereditary					
material.]					



Cycle 9 Summer 1		Earth and Atmosphere Know the composition of the Earth's structure. Know the rock cycle and the formation of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks. Know the Earth as a source of limited resources and the efficacy of recycling [<i>Describe the</i> <i>carbon cycle</i> .] Describe the composition of the atmosphere. Know production of carbon dioxide by human activity and the impact on climate.	The Earth Know the simple composition of the Earth's structure. Know the simple composition of the Earth's atmosphere. Know the different types of rock and composition of soil. Know how fossils are formed. Know how and why we recycle. Understand pollution and its impact on the Earth. Understand the impact of climate change.	Earth Participate in activities related to recycling. (Participate in shared activities and sustain concentration and begin to contribute to experiments or practical activities.)				
Cycle 9 Summer 2					Energy To be able to compare energy values of different foods (from labels) (kJ) Be able to compare power ratings of appliances in watts (W, kW) [Be able to compare amounts of energy transferred (J, kJ, kW hour)] [Understand domestic fuel bills, fuel use and costs.] Understand fuels and energy resources. Understand how temperature difference between two objects leads to energy transfer from the hotter to the cooler one. Understand how energy can be transferred by conduction or radiation and how use of insulators can reduce this transfer. [Understand other processes that involve energy	Energy To be able to able to identify foods which are high and low in energy. To be able to compare the power ratings for a range of familiar household appliances. Understand how we use fuels to heat our homes and power machines. Understand heat moves from hot to cold. Understand how different types of heaters can transfer heat by conduction and radiation. Understand how insulators can reduce heat loss.	Energy Explore sensory experiences involving temperature changes. (Respond to options or choices and request events or activities.)	

	transfer: changing
	i dunget. enanging
	motion, dropping an
	object, completing
	an electrical circuit,
	stretching a spring,
	metabolism of food,
	burning fuels.]
	Be able to compare
	the starting with the
	final conditions
	describing increases
	and decreases in the
	temperatures.